Second results of the survey in Austria

Questionnaire for mentors/tutors

Beate Dobler-Tomek EU project management, ibis acam Bildungs GmbH







Questionnaire for mentors/tutors

We have asked

Manager	8	23%
Trainer/Tutor/Mentor	18	51%
Other	9	26%







Q1. Company sectors:

Food industry	1
ICT	3
Other Manufacturing Industry	1
Sales	7
Tourism/Catering/Hospitality	2
Healthcare, Social work	6
Other Services	4
Administration	1
Other	10

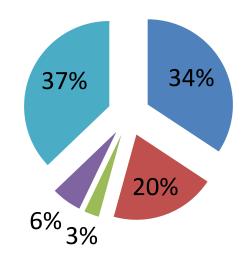






Q2. How many people does your company employ?











Q2. Number of trainees?

- large scale from 0 to 400 trainees
- most of the companies have employed between 1%-10% trainees

Q4. Number of tutors, supervisors?

between 0-38







Q4. What type of training do you offer (in order of priority)?

- 1. apprenticeship
- 2. on the job training
- 3. internship (stage)
- 4. external third party courses (without on the job training)







Q5. How are these tutors chosen in order of priority?

qualifications	1
professional experience	2
recognised teaching skills	3
volunteer	4
communication skills	5







Q5. What qualifications are necessary to become a tutor in Austrian companies?

Social skills

Professional qualifications and competencies

Communication skills

Professional experience

Trainer education

The right to train apprentices

Experiences with young people

Pedagogical skills







Q6. Does tutoring, mentoring, supervising contribute to the successful training of the trainee staff (in order of priority)?

- 1. the trainee gains a professional qualification
- 2. the trainees gain an academic qualification
- 3. it helps secure future employability
- 3. it reduces the risk of trainees dropping out of the programme
- 4. it's a means of providing support to resolve practical problems and potential barriers facing trainees in their every day life







Q7. What qualities make a good tutor/mentor/supervisor?

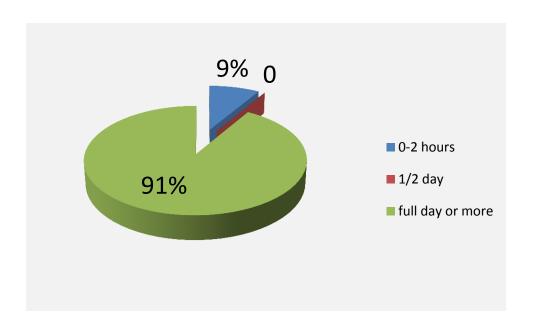
- 1. thorough grounding in field of endeavour
- 2. good interpersonal communication skills
- 3. confidence/respect
- 3. approachable and generous with their time
- 4. accept to learn himself/herself from the trainees







Q8. How many time slots are set aside for mentoring the apprentices?









Q9. Which competences are transferred by trainees to the tutors (multiple answers)?

IT-skills	3	9%
articulating the needs and the behaviour of the young generation	24	69%
engaging with Social media	9	26%
forecasting trends	25	71%
others	5	14%







Q10a. In your experience what are the most difficult problems to address in terms of the tutor/mentor-trainee relationship?

- different working attitudes
- certain hours of absence on work place
- communication problems
- lack of discipline and respect of trainees
- lack of working ambition
- · lack of reliability
- lack of motivation of trainees







Q10a. In your experience what are the most difficult problems to address in terms of the tutor/mentor-trainee relationship.

- laziness
- lack of good educational background
- different views of the world
- behaviour and relationship towards clients and supervisors
- competition
- different expectations







Q10b. Are there any difficulties or obligations directly related to a difference in generations? Please specify

- different working attitudes
- lack of respect and discipline
- lack of reliability
- different expectations







Q12. What procedures have the company in place to assist mentors/supervisors? Please place in order of priority

scheduled meeting with trainees	20	57%
training documentation	22	63%
identified timetabled slots for training	20	57%
scheduled meetings with other mentors	17	49%
other	3	3%







Q14. What single recommendation would you make to improve mentoring in Austria?

- to implement and strengthen coaching practices for apprentices = "Lehrlingscoaching"
- to improve the curricula of the vocational schools
- to improve the quality assurance of vocational schools
- better basic qualifications of the apprentices
- to give more grants to the companies







Q15. What action should be taken to increase the number of trainees in your company?

- to have more supports, grants (financial,...) to train more apprentices
- to improve the basic qualification and social skills of apprentices
- to have an easier dismissal protection







Thank you!

Ms. Beate Dobler-Tomek beate.dobler-tomek@ibisacam.at







